(g) The amount of Council charges collected during the last three financial years is given below:—

Year	Amount (In Rs.)
1990-91	1,39,02,362.00
1991-92	1,30,81,748.00
1992-93	1,39,02,362.00

Revival of Modern Mills of Mumbai

2841. SHRI SATISH PRADHAN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that modern mills of Mumbai which were closed for several years have recetly been revived without power and water connections on; and

(b) what are the terms and conditions under which the mills were revived and by when they are likely to get the electricity and water connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) and (b) As per available information, M/s. Modern Mills has been revived under the package of Board for Industrial & Financial Reconstruction (BIFR) without the connection of power and water. The power would be restored by end of August 1994 on settlement of electircity chrages. Water connection would also be restored.

12 NOON

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Report and Accounts (1992-93) of the British India Corporation Limited, Kanpur and related papers

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILE (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY: Madam, I lay on the Table—

(a) A copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following papers, under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956:—

(i) Seventy-third annual Report and Account of the British India Corporation Limited, Kanpur, for the year 1992-93, together with the Auditors's Report on the Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India thereon.

(ii) Review by Government on the working of the above Coporation.

(b) Statement (in English and Hindi) giving reasons for the delay in laying the papers mentioned at (I) above [Placed in Library For (i) & (ii) *See* No LT 6259/94]

I. Notification of the Ministry of Finance

II. Report and Accounts (year ended on 31st March, 1994) of the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation, Bombay and related papers

III. Notifications of the Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Economic Affairs

IV. Consolidated Report (year ended on 31st March, 1994) on the working of Public Sector Banks

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): Madam, I lay on the Table—

I. (i) A copy each (in Engslish and Hindi) of the following Notification of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) (Banking Division), under sub-section (3) of section 36 of the Recovery of Debts Due to

Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993:—

(1) GSR. No. 62(E) dated the 4th February, 1994 publishing the Debts Recovery Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Terms and Conditions of Service of Presiding Officer) Rules, 1993.

(2) GSR No. 63 (E) dated the 4th February, 1994 publishing the Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Terms and Conditions of Service of Presiding Officer) Rule, 1993.

(3) GSR. No. 64(E) dated the 4th February, 1994 publishing the Debts Recovery Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Conditions of Service of the Recovery Officer and other Officers and Employees) Rules, 1993

(4) GSR No. 65(E) dated the 4th February, 1994 publishing the Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Conditions of Services of the Officers and Employees) Rule. 1993 [Placed in Library For (1) to (4) See No. Lt-6269/94]

(ii) A copy each in (English and Hindi) of the following Notifications of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), under sub-section (2) of section 38 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1994, together with explanatory memoranda on the Notification:—

(1) GSR No. 318(E) dated the 16th March, 1994 prescribing a concessional rate of basic excise duty of Rupees 3 per kilogram on textured ployester filament yarn on which duty of excise or the additional duty of customs has been paid at the pre-budget rates.

(2) GSR No. 339(E) dated the 29th March 1994, seeking to provide for, inter-alia full exemption from excise duty to medicaments (including veterinary medicaments) used in Ayurvedic, Unani, Siddha or Homoeopathic system of medicine.

(3) GSR No. 374(E), dated the 7th April 1994 clarifying that the concessional rate of excise duty of Rs. 185 PMT is avaiable only to such cement which are manufactured out of cement clinkers manufactured within the same factory.

(4) GSR No. 375(E), dated the 11th April, 1994, providing that no excise duty will payable on the job work when the job workers processes the inputs received from a unit availing of exemption from excise duty.

(5) GSR No. 376(E), dated the 11th April 1994, providing that a small scale unit can send his inputs his facotry on job work basis either for processing or for conversion into an intermediate product.

(6) GSR No. 381(E), dated the 12th April 1994 exempting from excise duty carbon dioxide if consumed within the factory of production in the manufacture of fertilisers.

(7) GSR. No. 385(E), dated the 15th April, 1994 fully exempity silicon in all forms from excise duty.

(8) GSR No. 386(E) dated the 15th April, 1994 omitting the words code number drawing number and design number from the definition of brand name.

(9) GSR No. 401(E) dated the 25th April, 1994 reducing the central excise duty on paper and paperboard or article made therefrom.

(10) GSR. No. 402(E) dated the 25th April 1994 exmepting from central excise duty plastic meterial commonly known as Ploy vinyl Cloride compound.

(11) GSR No. 403(E), dated the 25th April, 1994 amending Notification Nos. 1/93-Central Excises dated 28 February, 1993, 26/94-Central Excises, 27/94-Central Excise, 62/94

Central Excises dated 1st March, 1994.

(12) GSR No. 404(E) dated the 25th April, 1994 prescribing a basic excise duty of 5% ad valorem on jute yarn, jute fabrics and jute manufactures including jute sacks and bags.

(13) GSR No. 405(E), dated the 25th April, 1994, exempting from excise duty laminated jute products, fire resistant jute products and rot-proof jute products.

(14) GSR No. 406(E), dated the 25th April, 1994, exempting from excise duty diversified jute products containing atleast 35% by weight of jute fibre or yarn.

(15) GSR No. 407(E), dated the 25th April, 1994, rescinding notification No. 50/91-Central Excises, dated 25th July, 1994.

(16) GSR No. 418(E), dated the 27th April, 1994, amending notification No.s 70/94-CE, 77/94-CE, 78/94-CE, 79/94-CE, as to extend the validity of these notifications upto 31st May, 1994.

(17) GSR No. 425(E), dated the 2nd May, 1994, correcting the classification of printing frames.

(18) GSR No. 426(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, prescribing a uniform rate of excise duty at 10% ad valorem under Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957.

(19) GSR No. 427(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, exempting from excise duty (1) cartons, boxes, containers and cases of corrugated paper or paperboard and (2) corrugated and coverted types paper and paperboard.

(20) GSR No. 428(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, fully exempting from excise duty soap made without the aid of power.

(21) GSR No. 429(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, fully exempting from excise duty Umbrellas, Sun Unbrellas and parts thereof.

(22) GSR No. 430(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, reducing duty on split air-conditioners intended for use in buses from 60% to 30%.

(23) GSR No. 433(E), dated the 4th May, 1994, extending the proforma credit under rule 56 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944.

(24) GSR No. 458(E), dated the 13th May, 1994, amending notification No. 162/86-Central Excise dated 1st March, 1986, so as to inter-alia reduce excise duty on motor vehicles of Gross Vehicle Weight not exceeding 2700Kgs.

(25) GSR No. 515(E), dated the 16th June, 1994, publishing the Consumer Welfare Fund (Second Amendment) Rules 1994. [Placed in Library for (1) to (25) *See* No LT 6268/94].

(26) GSR No. 516(E), dated the 17th June, 1994, publishing the Central Excise (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 1994.

(27) GSR no. 560(E), dated the 4th July, 1994, publishing the Central Excise (Amendment) Rules, 1994, [Placed in Library for (26) and (27) *See* No. LT- 6145/94]

(iii) A copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following Notification of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), under section 159 of the Customs Act, 1962, together with explanatory memoranda on the Notifications:—

(1) GSR No 382(E), dated the 12th April 1994, exempting from customs duty the import of synthetic tracks and Artificial Surfaces, falling under heading No. 95.06 of Customs Tariff Act, 1975.

(2) GSR No. 391(E), dated the 19 April, 1994, exempting from basic customs duty and additional duty of customs

refined sugar including white crystal sugar but excluding raw sugar.

(3) GSR No. 395(E), dated the 21st April 1994, providing for certification of the account maintained by the manufacturer of Leather Chemical and that the importer of chemicals for manufacture of Leather Chemicals need not be a member of the Council for leather Exports.

(4) GSR No. 417(E), dated the 27th April, 1994, prescribing concessional rate of import duty of Rs. 220/per 10grams and Rs. 500/-per Kg. on gold and silver respectively.

(5) GSR No. 445(E), Dated the 10th May, 1994 seeking to remove doubts regarding applicability of conditions, namely "the same shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of if any manner for a period of atleast two year from the date of importation."

(6) GSR. No. 464(E), dated the 16th May, 1994 prescribing a basic customs duty of Rs. 4 per Kg. and Rs. 39 Kg. as standard and preferentail rate respectively for almonds in shell falling under sub-heading No. 0802.11 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975.

(7) GSR No. 550(E), dated the 29th June, 1994 seeking to include three more Work Centres of IGMDP in the list of authorised Work Centres of IGMDP and to change the designation of certifying authority from "Director (Planning and Programme Analysis)" to "member-Secretary, Programme Management Board of KDMDP."

(8) S.O. No. 436(E), dated the 9th June, 1994, specifying People's Republic of China also as a country to which section 9B of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 will apply [Placed in Library for (1) to (8) *See* No. LT. 6267/94]

(9) GSR. No. 505(E) dated the 10th June, 1994, restricting the applicability of certain notifications only to imports against Special Imprest Licences, issued before 31st, March, 1994.

(10) G.S.R. No. 506(E) dated the 10th June, 1994 exempting inputs imported against Special Imprest Licences issued in terms of Para 56 of Export and Import Policy 1992-97.

(11) GSR No. 529(E), dated the 24th June, 1994 deleting conditions regarding payments of drawback against Quantity Based Advance licences and to permit duty free import against Advance Intermediate Licences.

(12) GSR No. 531(E), dated the 24th June, 1994, providing that the notification No. 513/86-Customs dated the 30th December, 1986 shall be applicable only imports made against licences issued before 31st March 1994 [Placed in Library For (9) to (12) *See* No. LT-6146/94]

(13) S.O. No. 559(E), dated the 27th July, 1994, laying down the rates of exchanges for conversion of certain foreign currencies into Indian currency or vice-versa for purposes of assessment of imports.

(14) S.O. No. 560(E), dated the 27th July, 1994, laying down the rates of exchanges for coversion of certain foreign currencies into India currency or vice-versa for purposes of assessment or exports. [Placed in Library for (13) and (14) *See* No. LT- 6267/94]

(iv) A copy (in English and Hindi) of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) Notification S.O. No. 490(E), dated the 30th June, 1994, publishing the Income-tax (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 1994, under section 296 of the Income-tax Act, 1961.
[Placed in Library *See* No. LT- 6144/94]

II. Annual Report and Accounts (in English and Hindi) of the deposit

Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation, Bombay, for the year ended the 31st March, 1994, together with the Auditors' Report on the Accounts, under sub-section (2) of section 32 of the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation Act. 1961.

[Placed in Libarary *See* No. LT-6272/94]

III. A copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following Notifications of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs):—

(i) G.S.R. No. 477(E), dated the 25th May, 1994, publishing the Public Provident Fund (Amendment) Scheme, 1994, under section 12 of the Public Provident Fund Act, 1968.

(ii) S.O. NO. 432(E), dated the 6th June, 1994, indicating (Revised) rate of interest for deposit in P.P.F. accounts for the year 1994-95.

[Placed in Library. *See* No. LT-6270/94]

IV A copy (in English and Hindi) of the Consolidated Report on the working of the Public Sector Banks for the year ended the 31st March, 1993.

[Placed in Libarary *See* No. LT-6271/94]

REFERENCES

Re Demand for Withdrawal of Pakistani Troops From POK

SYED SIBTEY RAZI (Uttar Pradesh): Madam, I stand to condemn the statement of the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Ms. Benazir Bhutto. In her statement, she has again raised the question of self-determination of the people of Kashmir. As you know, this matter is a settled matter long ago, in 1948, when the Instrument of Accession was signed by the Maharaja of Kashmir. After this, we held 4-5 elections to the State Assembly of Jammu and Kashmir. So, there is no question of self-determination at all. Under the Simla Agreement also, Pakistan has agreed that this type of questions would not be raised. Many elections had been held to the Jammu and Kashmir Assembly. Jammu and Kashmir is a part and parcel of the territory of India and such a statement by the Pakistan Prime Minister is an attack on the sovereignty of our country.

Madam, the fact is that the Pakistanis have occupied Pok, a part of Kashmir, as an agressor which they call as Azad Kashmir and the people of Azad Kashmir had no opportunity to exercise their free, will. Terrorism and militancy are being encouraged by Pakistan in many ways and there is enough evidence for this and we should try to convince the United Nations that Pakistan should be declared a terrorist State.

The Pakistan Government have raised many times the question of human rights violations. In fact, it is Pakistan which is violating the human rights of the innocent people of Kashmir by helping terrorists and militants in the Kashmir Valley. Many people are being killed by the militants and the lives and properties of the innocent people of Kashmir are in danger of the militants' terrorism and Pakistan is talking about the human rights violations. I want to let Pakistan know that the people belonging to four five sects who are living in Pakistan and who are minorities they are in danger in Pakistan. The people belonging to Shia community in Pakistan are being killed by the militants there. Pakistan should know that 150 million people of the Islamic faith are living in India and all these people are living in complete amity with people belonging to other faiths. After Indonesia, India has the biggest Muslim population in the world. In India, we are all living in peace with our brethren of all communities. The bogey of religion has been raised many times by Pakistan which has no relevance. I am